

Logic Formulas as Program Abstractions for Quantum Circuits: A Case Study in Noisy Variational Algorithm Simulation

Yipeng Huang Steven Holtzen Todd Millstein Guy Van den Broeck Margaret Martonosi
Rutgers University *UCLA* *UCLA* *UCLA* *Princeton University*
yipeng.huang@rutgers.edu sholtzen@cs.ucla.edu todd@cs.ucla.edu guyvdb@cs.ucla.edu mrm@princeton.edu

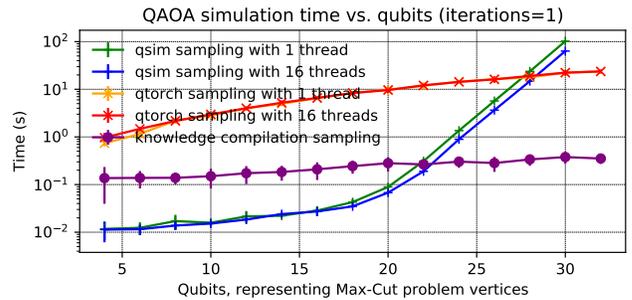
Abstract—Existing quantum circuit simulators do not address the traits of variational algorithms, namely: 1) their ability to work with noisy qubits and operations, 2) their repeated execution of the same circuits but with different parameters, and 3) the fact that they sample from circuit final wavefunctions to drive optimization routines [1]. Our key insight is that *knowledge compilation*—a technique for efficient repeated inference originating in AI research [2], [3]—can be generalized to work on complex-valued quantum amplitudes, such that the technique serves as the basis for a quantum circuit simulation toolchain geared for variational quantum algorithms.

In knowledge compilation, AI models such as Bayesian networks encode probabilistic knowledge about the world in a factorized format. The Bayesian networks compile down to minimized logical formulas that enable repeated inference and sampling queries with different parameters and new pieces of evidence [4]. The features of the knowledge compilation approach—namely, 1) the ability to represent probabilistic information, 2) the ability to compile probabilistic model structural information into minimized formats, and 3) the ability to efficiently sample from the same model but for varying parameters and evidence—match the requirements for variational quantum algorithm simulation.

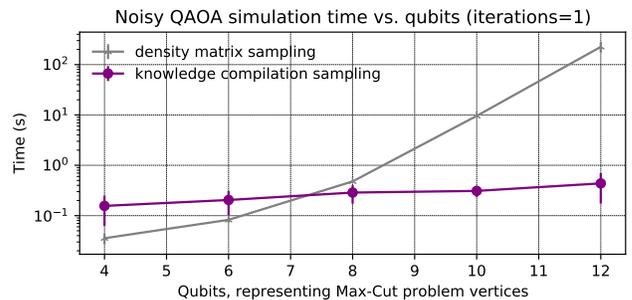
Our approach offers performance advantages relative to simulation approaches based on state vectors¹, density matrices², and tensor networks³ [5] (Fig. 1). The advantages are due to the more compact representation, the circuit minimization and memoization capabilities of our approach, and due to the storage costs for conventional simulators based on matrix representations. The improved simulation performance facilitates studying variational algorithms in the NISQ era of quantum computing.

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1. <https://github.com/quantumlib/qsim>
 2. <https://github.com/quantumlib/Cirq>
 3. <https://github.com/aspuru-guzik-group/qtorch>



(a) Versus state vector (qsim) and tensor network (qTorch [5]) for ideal circuits



(b) Versus density matrix simulation (Cirq) for noisy circuits

Figure 1: Knowledge compilation sampling performance.

References

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